



Annual Report 2020-21



Suchitwa Mission

Local Self Government Department

Government of Kerala

Annual Report 2020-21

Message



The year 2020-21, which is declared as the landmark history of the state as we concentrate our focus to various sectors of waste management, to align with the national and service delivery agenda for solid waste management in Jigawa. Its start was launched (Kaduna State) waste management project with the financial support, technical assistance and capacity building support of world bank to state and Local Self Government aimed to understanding their local conditions. It is expected to launch the project in 2021 and to finish the intervention within three years or less. Another major achievement registered during the period was expanding the scope of waste-related projects as the number of rural waste centres were increased to 300 nos.

The Local Self Government are securing more and more solid waste related implementing waste management projects as many of them have secured facilities from private by self-government. TTA (State Agency) and 12 Local Self Government have started (Gurkha Project) during the year aimed to be implemented along to be later adopted by the government for the project. Gurkha Project has started a pilot unit of recycling the through construction and waste management.

The implementation of various waste management programs has resulted in ensuring sound and management of household waste in view of waste collecting and co-maintenance project at household level. Household in Jigawa. There are facilities established at community level and municipal level aimed to managing various waste management. Various interventions have helped the state in implementing a comprehensive strategy for dry-waste management; there are more than six thousand collection facilities and 100 Resource Recovery Facilities made available for ensuring resource recovery and recycling. The formation of municipalities in all 18 Local Self Government has equipped municipalities for ensuring the Government of Jigawa level.

The government also has the records of various projects it has started and is implementing. 2020 government of Jigawa has started

Mr. Mohammed Ali Gani
Minister of Environment,
Conservation and Forestry

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Status Regarding Waste Generation and Processing

Organic Waste Generation

7930

tonne/day

Non-organic Waste Generation

2568

tonne/day

Total Solid Waste Generation in India 15400 tonne/day

Quantity of Waste Processing per day

Organic Waste

5447

tonne/day

Non-organic Waste

1857

tonne/day

Progress Highlights

Waste-to-energy Status Fulfilling of 666 L. crore

Green Ventures

157

Horizontal

17

Generators

5

Total no. of Waste-to-energy Ventures 180

Waste-to-Energy Facilities

094

Resource Recovery Facilities

160

Total Tn. of Waste stored by Baidya Energy Ltd through clearing their collection of Wastes

Total Wastes

84
tonnes/day

Waste Processing

5447
tonnes/day

Compostable

2768
tonnes/day

Chromite

3072
tonnes/day

Glimpses of Sanitation & Waste management facilities in the state

- 10 Community biogas plants completed and 43 are coming-up under GobarDhan scheme of SBM (G)
- 3872 Community Compost Batches including 1438 Thrashcomposts made Across SRS
- 1443 household level compost pits through MNREGS
- 2000 rendering plants in 11 districts (PPP model)
- 480 waste processing plants in Aligarh, Firozpur and Meerut districts
- Recycling of 1500 Tons
- 784-3-URBAN WASTE/ROOM DUSTING INITIATIVES with CBS, SBM and SWM Pilot Ponds 100 completed; 543 in progress; 1217 are located

SUCHITWA MISSION

Annual Report

2020-2021

Suchitwa Mission is the Technical Support Group (TSG) of Aardr (Bengaluru) based under the Union Minister's Office, Government of India which is responsible for providing technical and managerial support to the concerned governments of the state. The Mission is also the knowledge hub for implementing Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban), Swachh Bharat Mission (Rural) and Demonstration and capacity development component of the state - Aardr initiative for rural/urban, urban planning, including urban infrastructure, organizing training programmes, initiating sector based studies, bringing all concerned parties, initiating urban clusters, conducting monitoring and other activities in urban management sector.

During the year 2020-21, Suchitwa Mission supported implementation of Aardr schemes namely, Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban), Swachh Bharat Mission (Rural), Swachh Bharat Mission (Rural) and Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban). In addition, it has functioned as the implementing agency for various National Missions.

VISION

House the three pillars of sustainable development, with a system that combines with water quality, with ecology, improved health and general well-being, economic gains, better economic accountability, and social environmental engagement.

MISSION OBJECTIVES

1. Scientific management of natural resources through creating the capacity to implement of smart agriculture, resource recovery, smart & recycling and monitoring system in each LGU for the resource recovery, conserving sustainable natural environment.
2. Accelerating rural development from state to local through ensuring economic contribution by 100% of the people in the state and ensuring 100% close to local welfare.
3. Accelerating system for a centrally managing rural waste generation in the state.
4. Ensure that the waste generation in the state are scientifically managed by creating people, LGUs and other stakeholders in the state for future change.

Mandate of Suchitwa Mission

- Assist Chief, Municipalities and District Peripatetics of Water Supply to develop policies and strategies for the preparation of Urban Project Reports (UPRs) and proposals for solid and liquid waste management in the State
- Facilitate the operation of Offices by providing technical backing to concerned staff in areas such as consultation, monitoring, etc.
- Assist Chief, Municipalities and Peripatetics in providing technical assistance for their project proposals for solid and liquid waste management and providing grants which are decided by the relevant authorities
- Co-ordinate various activities under the urban waste mission (UWM) and Suchitwa Mission (SM) (funded supported by the Government of India (Ministry of Urban Affairs), Ministry of Panchayats)
- Organise appropriate information, education and communication (IEC) and Capacity Development activities aimed at the attitude and behavioural change of people at large and capacity development of all concerned stakeholders (Executive Director, Suchitwa Mission is the Joint Director of Communication and Capacity Development Unit funded by the Government of India)

Statistik regarding Forest & Wildlife Conservation and its management

Forest provides 1500 TPC of food from 20% by Urban Local bodies and 1% by Grama Panchayats. 45% of the wood is provided in households, 24% in restaurants and 14% in public places. 77% (54 TPC) of sales are cooperatives, 14% are non-cooperatives, and 9% are retail outlets. The 800 TPC Bhagababai

Forest and 550 TPC of Pashu Daga are the major segments of food chains which leads to an estimated 10% profits made in the context of Covid 19 there is also an increasing rate of professionalisation and pricing.

Forest		Quantity in household (kg)		Quantity in local markets		To public buildings (kg)	To non-cooperatives (kg)
		Co-ops	Non-Co-ops	Co-ops	Non-Co-ops		
Maharashtra	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Gujarat	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Karnataka	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Tamil Nadu	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Andhra Pradesh	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Kerala	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Odisha	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
West Bengal	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Assam	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Jharkhand	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Chhattisgarh	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Madhya Pradesh	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Uttar Pradesh	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Haryana	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Punjab	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Rajasthan	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Gujarat	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
Maharashtra	Total	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000
	Urban	1000	500	1000	500	500	1000

- ② Intentional segregation of waste at source needs to be primary interventions
- ③ Maximize reuse and recycling of non-compostable waste from all sources for cost recovery and ensure net waste cost recovery to the maximum extent
- ④ Focus on economic concepts of compostable waste at source generation & reduction, including compost
- ⑤ Ensure decentralized community facilities for compostable waste that sufficient from the source
- ⑥ Maximize transfer of compostable waste processing facilities in rural areas using state of the art technologies
- ⑦ Build a case for cost for recycling compostable waste and promote its use in various
- ⑧ Maximize potential of biogas into bio-fertilizer and use waste to all various and industries, including food, feed, drink, nutraceuticals, health, industries, oil and gas sectors for the use of gas
- ⑨ Integrate organic waste management systems to the full waste stream
- ⑩ Make use of the existing environment control under the Mahatma National Mission to integrate the use of waste water products, promote organic agriculture and avoid of agro-pesticides
- ⑪ Develop appropriate technology as a social or directly transferable technology
- ⑫ Develop and encourage strong and effective early markets
- ⑬ Highlight and enhance capacity of local bodies for ensuring regular recycling, sorting and separation
- ⑭ Enhance the role of private sector and control of construction and demolition waste
- ⑮ Reinforce and strengthen the enforcement of rules and standards products
- ⑯ Promote sound engineering and material system for cities
- ⑰ Undertake appropriate information, education, and communication campaign
- ⑱ Promote appropriate capacity building programmes for distribution
- ⑲ Develop appropriate community monitoring system for ensuring continuous improvement in waste management
- ⑳ Enhance with scientific and research & development measures for adoption of technologies and demonstration units
- ㉑ Develop the strong public-private through encouraging partnership among professionals and other stakeholders
- ㉒ Build the large R&D for waste life management

Fund Provisions for LSSAs for sanitation and waste management facilities

- Grants sanctioned in the state should mandatorily contain 10% interest free fund/ fund-in-kind for sanitation and waste management activities.
- Besides the entitlement under per capita USDs are entitled for two purposes under state sanitation and waste program.
- USDs per capita for water provision and waste management coming under Swachh Kisan Rural & Urban Schemes of National Mission water/sanitation source fund not paid per.
- 10% Finance Commission share

Programs implemented by Swachh Mission under different schemes

Various flagship schemes/ implementation of various schemes under Swachh Kisan/Rural, Swachh Kisan/Urban, Habitat and water/sanitation, water and sanitation among various targets in addition. Each also functions as the implementing agency for the various Kisan Mission.

Suchitwa Keralam Rural & Urban)

The state government is giving utmost priority to provide clean treatment to the solid waste generated across the state and has been successful in imparting various technologies to co-subsidiary business. The Government provides special funding for projects initiated by Gram Panchayats and urban councils in their respective areas. The various facilities are being supplemented by the local bodies to control the spread of dengue and other infectious diseases by the vector using the month of June-July. Awareness campaigns are being conducted through audio-visual and other media to create more attitude for scientific waste management among the people.

As a first step in the solid waste generation to co-subsidiary projects are set. To achieve it, the expert by waste is by regulatory and municipal and corporations have been in place. It is also necessary to have a waste management plan. 100% of households using waste treatment systems. In addition, waste management at the institutions and community level is also a source. Consideration for scientific and cost of collection and maintenance, co-subsidiary technologies such as composting and bioremediation using different kinds of techniques are used to reduce the waste at the source itself. There are also various strategies co-subsidiary treatment systems at the household, institutional and community level. The community

systems collection of waste, initiated in such areas provide take care of the children, women, housewife, institutions and public places, who have concentrated and are certain independent system. Hence, projects for setting up young food processing facilities are formulated and the entire waste management needs of waste management and regulation is the state.

In order to facilitate the implementation of various solid waste management projects, various measures have been taken to ensure that the state government is providing support to the LGUs in managing waste and ensuring facilities through the projects initiated by them.

The major activities undertaken under various schemes across the state are the infrastructure facilities for solid waste treatment and management waste along with the collection and collection of waste management facilities. Hence, the success of the projects is not only in the state but also in the state. The state government is also providing support to the LGUs in managing waste and ensuring facilities through the projects initiated by them.

1.1 Details of SVM projects taken up by Districts under
Southwest Kerala District

District	No. of SVM Completed Projects	Quantity of PVC in Tons	Total Project Cost	Expenditure in Lakhs
Thiruvananthapuram	1	1	100000	1
Kannur	1	1	100000	1
Kozhikode	1	1	100000	1
Malappuram	1	1	100000	1
Wayanad	1	1	100000	1
Total	5	5	500000	5

1.2 Details of SVM projects taken up by Districts under
Southwest Kerala District

District	No. of SVM Completed Projects	Quantity of PVC in Tons	Total Project Cost	Expenditure in Lakhs
Thiruvananthapuram	1	1	100000	1
Kannur	1	1	100000	1
Kozhikode	1	1	100000	1
Malappuram	1	1	100000	1
Wayanad	1	1	100000	1
Total	5	5	500000	5

The National Cleaning Campaign

The Government of Maharashtra Cleaning Campaign has been launched through the Minister for the Urban & Local Government, cleaning activities and launching out pedagogical measures against environmental health. Rs. 11.55 crore and Rs. 2.44 crore is given for TGT 30% and RTI 10% respectively. The National Cleaning Campaign has been implemented in the urban with the support of Department of Health Services, National Health Mission and Health Education Division under the guidance of the coordination circle.

Local municipalities and Gram panchayats are entitled to Rs. 1000 for carrying out the major cleaning activities. The amount would be directly credit to the account of the ward or the village. Rs. 1000 per ward. Total Rs. 2000 from Gramin Mission and Rs. 1000 as ward state of health (Koshik).



2. Karitha Keralam Mission



Hygienic waste management to protect a water resource and soil water conservation. Agriculture ecosystem with a circular flow of organic farming are the first two pillars of Karitha Keralam.

It is a public domain mission designed to be implemented with the sustainability of the local self-governing bodies encompassing voluntary organisations, NGOs, NRI's, etc.

encourage environmental, climate, youth and other volunteering individuals and groups. The broader mission is also open a new model in the form of personal hygiene waste management in an eco-friendly manner for people's livelihoods to ensure Zero waste jobs.

- The mission will ensure a clean and green state through scientific waste management, capacity building and conservation of water resources.
- To encourage people's participatory initiatives to sustainable development by controlling land, air and water quality.
- To create pollution-free state through water bodies and industries, housing, farms, lakes and streams.



2.1 Health and Sanitation

In 1991, the first health department was established at the municipal level. The municipal government Health Service Area (HSA) has been formed in almost all LGUs. It has also through the Sanitation Master and HSA are helped through Private Institute of Local Administration (PILA) and community health workers. Health Service Areas started its functioning in 1997. Under the National IT Municipalities IT Corporation, Health Care Unit is being provided to support the work as a sustainable group. Around 2000 members of HSA are working. Activities through groups in door-to-door collection of waste, extending support for source separation, setting up roles as peer educators and through one-to-one education. During the Covid period, the activities of the Health Service Area have been limited but have resumed in the local level as per the national regulations.

However, an increasing number of new group activities has emerged. Many of these groups are too young to manage their operations with a group or external financial support. The national minimum set of waste management standards by NCR by way of integrated collection of biodegradable waste from households and other waste items are further integrated at Material Collection facilities into a various waste which is in solid waste materials in recycling industry. As per the last evidence from the NCR, all pyrolysis are being collected by the waste management and government funds resources.

1.1 Horticulture Extension

Since the LDCs do not have dedicated staff to lead effective water management initiatives, it is essential to provide them with professional assistance through the activities and to add the interventions of Horticulture experts. This can be achieved by engaging horticulture support specialists within and experienced in water management, under the *Wardha Kanya Shiksha Yojana* (WSS) has been providing technical support and guidance to horticulturists of the state, in marketability and E-Market operations, after conducting an evaluation of the performance of these agencies the number of agencies is now reduced. Only 15 private agencies who are found suitable in delivering their services are engaged now. These WSS are profiles and enlisted through

the process under the Horticulture Mission of National Mission. Currently, training of WSS methods and institutionalizing the system are the priorities of Horticulture Department.

They are responsible for developing appropriate business models in each LDCs and also capacity of water users the system as per the need customer mode. They can also explore the scope identifying business models strategies that can be used by water groups to produce more from agriculture. The services of WSS will be very crucial in ensuring Sustainable Future for more than 100 LDCs.



2.2 Resource Recovery and Recycling

2.2.1 Material Collection Facilities

At the waste management facility for collecting household organic waste, compost is harvested and sold to farmers before being used as fertilizer. The facility is currently accepting dry waste, including household waste, through door-to-door

collection. At the waste transfer facilities are collected under various LOOs in the state. This could be brought into the state of recycling 20 percentage of the dry waste dry waste generated in the state.



3.2.2 Resource Recovery Facilities

The segregated waste stream is transported to Resource Recovery Facilities where the materials are shredded or sized. The shredded particles are used for manufacturing and the inert residuals are used for landscaping or making new products. As per the waste management functioning at various LGUs in the state, apart from the public authorities, private companies having valid the NTF have set up their own waste processing units at various LGUs.

The services of Green Kreds Company and other service providers are being used for educating People Shredding Units. The Green Kreds Company is being awarded with a yearly fee for conducting the work being assigned.

It is envisaged that there will be one or each ward of a Local Self Government (Municipalities, LGUs, etc.) We are conducting at municipalities and state level NTF in each Ward, Panchayat and Municipality.



**Details of RSE started functioning at
Grama Panchayats, Block Panchayats, Samitis
and Corporations in each District**

Resource Recovery Yearly in Lakhs/RSST

Sl. No.	Name	Solid waste management		Bio-fertilizers					Racemates				Composting		
		Number of Grama Panchayats	Number of Block Panchayats	Number of Samitis	Number of Corporations	Number of Grama Panchayats	Number of Block Panchayats	Number of Samitis	Number of Grama Panchayats	Number of Block Panchayats	Number of Samitis	Number of Grama Panchayats	Number of Block Panchayats	Number of Samitis	Number of Corporations
1	Thiruvananthapuram	75	—	—	—	—	8.22	—	—	—	75	—	—	—	—
2	Kerala	50	0	75	75	0	8.00	0	0	0	50	0	0	0	0
3	Kollam	22	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0
4	Kannur	75	—	—	—	—	12	0	0	0	75	—	—	—	—
5	Kasaragod	75	—	—	—	—	12.5	0	0	0	75	—	—	—	—
6	Kozhikode	75	—	—	—	—	18	0	0	0	75	—	—	—	—
7	Quilon	42	0	—	—	—	7.5	0	0	0	42	0	0	0	0
8	Trichur	20	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0
9	Kottayam	45	0	—	—	—	4.77	0	0	0	45	0	0	0	0
10	Idukki	20	—	—	—	—	5.00	0	0	0	20	—	—	—	—
11	Idukki	20	—	—	—	—	12.5	0	0	0	20	—	—	—	—
12	Idukki	22	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	22	—	—	—	—
13	Idukki	75	—	—	—	—	7.75	0	0	0	75	—	—	—	—
14	Idukki	20	0	—	—	—	18	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0
Total		507	0	150	150	0	22.0	0	0	0	507	0	0	0	0

2.3. National Mission

Based upon government priorities, our team has been awarded funding from the Ministry of Agriculture and Food to enhance soil health and nutrient status only in accordance with Local Self Government.

Department of Agriculture would also assist in securing and they would assist in evaluating the progress achieved against the national priorities.



വഴിയിടം



3.3 Take a Break

CoGa Directorate is on its way to implement the new sanitation sector by setting new standards in hygiene and safety standards for businesses. This is done to increase profitability and also promote take-up across the market and across regions. The standards, showing companies the way forward, are also a source of quality assurance in the sector. This is done to ensure the quality of the products. The standards are also a source of information for the government. The standards are also a source of information for the government. The standards are also a source of information for the government.

CoGa Directorate is on its way to implement the new sanitation sector by setting new standards in hygiene and safety standards for businesses. This is done to increase profitability and also promote take-up across the market and across regions. The standards, showing companies the way forward, are also a source of quality assurance in the sector. This is done to ensure the quality of the products. The standards are also a source of information for the government. The standards are also a source of information for the government. The standards are also a source of information for the government.

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4. Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin)

SBM-G has been actively engaged in bringing the aspects of individual and community hygiene into the life of people. In order to ensure that the ODF status of the area is sustained, regular routine inspection with hygienic behaviour and that all villages have proper solid and liquid waste management arrangements.

Since 2014, there has been increasing trend of ODF to ODF+ in mission mode with a well defined daily cycle. The next cycle is a visit of 10 days. Under various other the annual plan, a hierarchical discharge point between different levels of planning and various activities of solid and waste management, apart from support activities from 2014 and the increasing side effect, remaining funds will be utilised for the Finance commission plans to give, MGNREGS and various promotional modes.

Being declared as ODF Free, there is no focus on ODF Sustenance and ODF+ activities. The aim is targeting to take 100% of villages under ODF+ status by March 2022. An ODF+ village is defined as a village where water is clean. Defecation free status, ensures solid and liquid waste management and is usually clean.

During the year a total sum of Rs. 2.25 Crore has been allocated for 166 Solid and Liquid Waste Management projects across the State which includes 31 Wastewater Components / Public Toilets and various WCI / Capacity Building activities. ODF Sustenance with Rs. 1.10 Crore has been carried out under various activities like WCI, Capacity building activities.

By the end of the year, Rs. 2.25 Crore has been allocated for all solid and liquid waste management projects across the State. 40 Wastewater components / Public Toilets have been constructed by June 2021. 17 WCI has been completed. Rs. 100 Crore Community Wastewater Components, Wastewater components, various WCI / Capacity Building activities for ODF Sustainability have been undertaken during the year. Rs. 2.25 Crore has been expended under SBM-G various WCI, Capacity building activities.



Table 1.1: NPV of NPV projects by scenario (range) for December to February 2024 (Q1)

Scenario	NPV (USD)	NPV (USD)	NPV (USD)	NPV (USD)	NPV (USD)	NPV (USD)	NPV (USD)	NPV (USD)
Scenario 1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Scenario 2	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Scenario 3	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Scenario 4	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Scenario 5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Scenario 6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7
Scenario 7	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Scenario 8	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
Scenario 9	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Scenario 10	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9
Scenario 11	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2
Scenario 12	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Scenario 13	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8
Scenario 14	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
Scenario 15	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4
Scenario 16	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7
Scenario 17	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Scenario 18	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3
Scenario 19	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6
Scenario 20	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9
Scenario 21	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2
Scenario 22	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Scenario 23	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8
Scenario 24	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1
Scenario 25	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4
Scenario 26	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7
Scenario 27	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Scenario 28	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3
Scenario 29	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6
Scenario 30	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9

The Government is ensuring that it provides facilities that enable it to build and improve its infrastructure, including water supply, electricity, roads, and other public services. It is also providing facilities for the private sector, including the construction of housing, roads, and other public services. The Government is also providing facilities for the private sector, including the construction of housing, roads, and other public services.

The Government is also providing facilities for the private sector, including the construction of housing, roads, and other public services. The Government is also providing facilities for the private sector, including the construction of housing, roads, and other public services. The Government is also providing facilities for the private sector, including the construction of housing, roads, and other public services.

Table 4.2.1: Institutional investment of fixed capital (2014-2015)

Category	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Transport	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	1000	1000
Water	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	1000	10000
Electricity	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Other	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Transport	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Water	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Electricity	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Other	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Transport	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Water	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Electricity	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Other	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Transport	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Water	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Electricity	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Other	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Transport	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Water	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Electricity	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000
Other	10	10	10000	10000	1000	10	10000	10000

4.3 Update of Community Sanitary Complexes (CSC) projects taken up by L. State in each Districts under 10M (C)

It is most mandatory to launch under 10M (C) and 20M+ villages with more than 100 households making a group of 500 which may lead to the execution needs of following great population (Unit covering the system, priority should be given to the rural and semi-urban areas etc. (The selection process should be transparent and it shall be subject to regular monitoring, training, sanitation etc.

Community Sanitary Complexes consisting of an appropriate number of toilet seats, bathing cubicles, washing, drying, water storage etc. can be set up in the village but location selection will according to all such consideration as mentioned in such block, rivers, local roads, etc. where large scale congregation of people takes place.

The maximum support per unit presented for a Community Sanitary Complex is Rs. 3 lakh. Sharing pattern amongst Central Government, State Government and the Community should be in the ratio of 60:30:10. The Community contribution, however, can be made by the Panchayat out of its own resources. The Fund for previous phase has been still utilized by the GPs for the implementation of projects of Community Sanitary Complexes.

Table of C.S.C. projects taken up by districts under 10M (C)

District	No. of units sanctioned	No. of units completed	Project cost	Expenditure till date	Balance	Amount taken from the Govt.	Community contribution	Expenditure till date
Thiruvananthapuram	26	6	260000	26000	234000			
Trichur	1	1	40000	40000	0	1	40000	40000
Tripunithur	16	16	160000	160000	0	1	160000	160000
Tyngudi	1	1	40000	20000	20000	1	40000	40000
Udumalpet	4	4	40000	40000	0	1	40000	40000
Vadakkangudi	11	8	110000	80000	30000	1	80000	80000
Vandavasi	10	7	100000	70000	30000	1	70000	70000
Vellore	20	6	200000	20000	180000	1	20000	20000
Vengaloor	16	16	160000	160000	0	1	160000	160000
Viduthal	16	11	160000	110000	50000	1	110000	110000
Viduthal	14	12	140000	120000	20000	1	120000	120000
Vijayan	1	1	40000	40000	0	1	40000	40000
Vizhinjam	1	1	40000	40000	0	1	40000	40000
Yercaud	1	1	40000	40000	0	1	40000	40000
Total	141	100	1410000	700000	710000	10	700000	700000

4.4 ODF Plus

Gender in villages would be covered under water-sources. It is noted that a village government is taking the interest in public works and public works is being maintained and community level initiatives. All the ODF communities in India have become ODF in 2014 and now ODF community has to submit ODF Plus status reporting as the criterion of Department of Drinking water and Sanitation. All the villages should have water facilities, proper use of toilet, waste management status and road works, public sanitation facilities etc. are the concerns of ODF Plus. The ODF community will be given a new ODF Plus status only if they could make necessary arrangements for rural water management facilities effectively. Rural

water management facilities conducted plans are not yet started in some communities. Water sources in other water facilities are contaminated surface water. Sanitation facilities are suggested support for managing water and ODF water should be treated through appropriate technology.

It is suggested within ODF Plus status for all ODF by the end of 2017 in a short manner. Around 201 ODF villages the status of the ODF and remaining by December, 2017.

E. Performance Based Incentive Grant

State received Rs. 200.4 Crores under performance based incentive grant, being 100% O&M grant. Rs.55.40 Crores has been distributed among 14 districts based on the number of hospitals to be took 'Off' for undertaking various Q&A activities at 50% as per the guidelines. The related current shifting expenses of about up to Rs.6000 per month for H-C constructed after 08/01/2019 on the basis of the written certificate of

concerned District Revenue Officer, resulting to the cost charged during that. The original of implementation was modified and grant has been converted incrementally to about Rs.40 Crores. Total for the FY2020, of about Rs. 200.40 Crores H-C, and 144 nos. of admissions are under various stages of construction. The details are as given under.

The Expenditure Details of PBIG is Given Under

S. No.	Particulars	Number of beds	Number of Patients Admitted	Expenditure	Share with Govt. (Rs. Lakhs)
	Total Expenditure		74	1528	100.00
1	Thiruvananthapuram	75	17612	17612	0
2	Kozhikode	40	11404	11404	0
3	Kannur	40	11404	11404	0
4	Kasaragod	75	11404	11404	0
5	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
6	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
7	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
8	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
9	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
10	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
11	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
12	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
13	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
14	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
15	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
16	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
17	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
18	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
19	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
20	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
21	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
22	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
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25	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
26	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
27	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
28	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
29	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
30	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
31	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
32	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
33	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
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37	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
38	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
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41	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
42	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
43	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
44	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
45	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
46	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
47	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
48	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
49	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
50	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
51	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
52	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
53	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
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57	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
58	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
59	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
60	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
61	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
62	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
63	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
64	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
65	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
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73	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
74	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
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92	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
93	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
94	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
95	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
96	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
97	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
98	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
99	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0
100	Kannur	75	11404	11404	0

8. Gobar-Dhan

Renovating Organic and Agro Resources (OAR) scheme

Gobar-dhan is an integral component of OAR (O) which is intended to manage bio-waste including animal waste, kitchen left-overs, crop residue and household waste. Until last year 21 units of Gobar-dhan-cum-composting units were in the village of which 12 are completed. In addition to this, another 40 projects are envisaged during 2011 and 2012. For details for these projects see

Table 1. The estimated cost of these 40 projects under the scheme is Rs. 460 Lacs and the cost involved in the processing of about 10 tonnes of biodegradable waste each for projects are completed.



Table 1. Details of Programs for Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W) in India

Sl. No.	Program Name	Target Group	Program Description	Program Duration	Program Start Date	Program End Date	Program Status	Program Type	Program Location	Program Status
1	Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W)	Children aged 6-10 years	Program for teaching reading and writing skills to children aged 6-10 years	1 year	2010	2011	Completed	Transfer Program	India	Completed
2	Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W)	Children aged 6-10 years	Program for teaching reading and writing skills to children aged 6-10 years	1 year	2010	2011	Completed	Transfer Program	India	Completed
3	Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W)	Children aged 6-10 years	Program for teaching reading and writing skills to children aged 6-10 years	1 year	2010	2011	Completed	Transfer Program	India	Completed
4	Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W)	Children aged 6-10 years	Program for teaching reading and writing skills to children aged 6-10 years	1 year	2010	2011	Completed	Transfer Program	India	Completed
5	Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W)	Children aged 6-10 years	Program for teaching reading and writing skills to children aged 6-10 years	1 year	2010	2011	Completed	Transfer Program	India	Completed
6	Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W)	Children aged 6-10 years	Program for teaching reading and writing skills to children aged 6-10 years	1 year	2010	2011	Completed	Transfer Program	India	Completed
7	Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W)	Children aged 6-10 years	Program for teaching reading and writing skills to children aged 6-10 years	1 year	2010	2011	Completed	Transfer Program	India	Completed
8	Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W)	Children aged 6-10 years	Program for teaching reading and writing skills to children aged 6-10 years	1 year	2010	2011	Completed	Transfer Program	India	Completed
9	Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W)	Children aged 6-10 years	Program for teaching reading and writing skills to children aged 6-10 years	1 year	2010	2011	Completed	Transfer Program	India	Completed
10	Learning to Read and Write Transfer (L2R2W)	Children aged 6-10 years	Program for teaching reading and writing skills to children aged 6-10 years	1 year	2010	2011	Completed	Transfer Program	India	Completed

[illegible]

7. Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban)

The Swachh Bharat Mission comprises four key areas for ensuring hygienic waste management and sanitation across the nation, its localities and Municipal Corporations. Activities include manual scavenging, scientific solid waste management, and targeted domestic sewage treatment health sanitation practices.

The project has 4 components namely: Individual Hygienic practices, Public Toilets, Solid Waste management, Office Cleanliness and (Asset): Building, Information, Education and Communication activities. The progress of each component is given below:-

Mission Allocation and expenditure

SBM (U) Funds Received & Expenditure (Lakh)

Year	Total Funds Received	Total Funds Expended	Expenditure (Lakh)	% of Expenditure
2015-16	128.47		18.44	14.36
2016-17	220		100	
2017-18	0		10.46	
2018-19	148.10		117.12	
2019-20	176.15		144.75	
2020-21	0		100.42	
Total	572.72	177.62	576.19	

SBM (U) Funds Received & (Lakh) Component wise Expenditure

Year	SBM			SI			SI & SI		
	Total Funds Received	SI	% of SI	Total Expenditure	SI	% of SI	Total Expenditure	SI	% of SI
2015-16	128.47	752.44	61.22	187	101	53.50	18.47	1.44	77.1
2016-17	220	107.61		100	100		0	100.00	
2017-18	0	0		0	100.00		0	0.00	
2018-19	0	144.46		0	100.00		0	100.00	
2019-20	0	0		0	100		0	100.00	
2020-21	0	100.42		0	100.00		0	100.00	
Total	348	1000.93		287	1000.00		18.47	100.00	

2.1 Introduction to the project

The project aims to improve the living conditions of the population in the project area by providing access to improved water supply and sanitation services. The project is implemented by the Government of Ethiopia, with technical assistance from the World Bank. The project is implemented by the Government of Ethiopia, with technical assistance from the World Bank. The project is implemented by the Government of Ethiopia, with technical assistance from the World Bank.

The project is implemented by the Government of Ethiopia, with technical assistance from the World Bank. The project is implemented by the Government of Ethiopia, with technical assistance from the World Bank. The project is implemented by the Government of Ethiopia, with technical assistance from the World Bank.

Table 2.1: Details of WASH projects implemented by the Government of Ethiopia

Project	WASH Sub-project	Number of WASH Sub-projects	Total Population	Estimated Cost (USD)
Project 1	1	1	10,000	100,000
Project 2	1	1	10,000	100,000
Project 3	1	1	10,000	100,000
Project 4	1	1	10,000	100,000
Project 5	1	1	10,000	100,000
Project 6	1	1	10,000	100,000
Project 7	1	1	10,000	100,000



7.6 Outputs regarding Solid Waste Management Services supplied by LGUs through DBS U 2020/21

Results for the quality of more than 4 solid waste management services are calculated by the LGUs on the basis of pre-approved DBS under LGU's Annual Investment Plan. Out of the 12002 units not supplied/installed which is 10% of the envisaged target, not the need is reported in

action of March 2022, where the envisaged target is achieved, more than 10% of units has actually not been solid waste management due to through LGU's under project plans.

Sl. No.	Item of Service	No. of units as per DBS	No. of units as per 20% maximum margin	No. of units installed (actual)	% of achievement
1	Household waste	4,107	4,107	420	74
2	Market	2,111	2,111	184	88
3	Industrial waste	118	1,178	10	100
4	Commercial	1,087	1,087	110	68
5	Construction	4,444	4,444	444	60
6	Others	1,407	1,407	66	100
7	Sanitation	1,141	1,141	100	111
8	Public	2,111	2,221	78	18
9	Private	1,073	1,000	100	100
10	Household	7,470	4,011	2,123	28
11	Market	2,111	1,471	1,000	100
12	Commercial	1,087	1,444	44	44
13	Others	1,407	1,000	1,000	100
14	Sanitation	1,141	1,00	100	70
	Total	14,071	14,071	1,884	100

8. Technical Sanctions from Suchitwa Mission

Technical Sanctions by AS are issued to units with credit cost of Rs. 40000000 or above LBOs have been issued by the District Business Manager in 14 Districts. Throughout implementation of these projects, assistance of District level waste management teams would come up to assist the staff. Functional fee has been collected at Suchitwa Habitat and cash provided for the implementation of these projects.

Table of TS issued by District Business Manager for establishing waste management facilities

S. No.	Item	No. of Project sanctioned by AS upto 31.03.2021	Total cost of units issued in project sanction	Total Project cost
1	Tea and beverage	5	500	100000
2	Apparatus	1	100	10000
3	Labeller	2	110	11000
4	Insulator	18	1700	140000
5	Waste	5	140	100000
6	Shower	3	100	100000
7	Phone	3	150	100000
8	Refugee	3	250	100000
9	Chappan	1	200	100000
10	Surveillance	4	100	100000
11	Hand set	1	100	100000
12	Water	3	150	100000
13	Chappan	1	100	100000
	Total	60	3600	1000000

Source: Engineering & Technology for the Supply of
Household Liquid Composting Devices 2000-21

[illegible]

**Table regarding 16 issues for the supply of institutional
& Community Level Composting Services 2020-21**

Sl No.	Waste Generator	Ward	Institutional Level			Community Level		
			Feasibility Yes	SL Yes	Site Suitable	Feasible Community Site	SLC Yes	Service Contract Signed
1	Municipal	East	1					
		West	1					
2	Public	East	1	42	1	1		
		West	1	1	1			
3	Government	East	1	1	1	10		
		West	1	1	1			
4	Corporate	East	1	1	1			
		West	1	1	1			
5	Road	East	1	1	1			
		West	1	1	1			
6	Commercial	East	1	14	1			
		West	1	14	1			
7	Market	East	1	100	1	1		
		West	1	1	1	1		1
8	Residential	East	1	1	1			
		West	1	1	1			
9	Institution	East	22	1	1			
		West	1	1	1			
10	Business	East	1	1	1	1		
		West	1	1	1			
11	Market	East	1	1	1			
		West	1	1	1			
12	Institution	East	1	1	10			
		West	1	1	1			
East Side (2020)			22	146	16	14	1	1
West Side (2020)			1	14	1	1	1	1
Total			23			16		

9. Guideline Issued for Licensing

Poultry Meat Waste and Poultry Waste Rendering Plants

As per the resolution, all poultry waste rendering to be done and hot chicken meat must 100°C for 15 minutes and poultry waste products to be 100°C for 15 minutes. The same standards are being followed in the waste and meat of poultry is also being an important method for the disposal of hot waste. Several incidents have been reported of mismanagement of chicken waste at rendering and waste treatment. In these

circumstances it was understood that strict enforcement is done with the least amount of economic management of chicken waste is required. Hence, the Government has issued guidelines for rendering poultry meat waste and poultry waste rendering plants. The guidelines under the control and authority of Government are included in Appendix 9.1, as a Government order of early treatment.



10. Various IEC Activities

Initiated by Sachin Mission During 2020-21

10.1 Mass media activities

- Messages regarding safe water management practices is given in the leading women magazines in Hindi in Surmaon & Jhelum to sensitize the water community on how to handle different types of waste and how to protect the ecosystem water resources itself. This also carries messages to smaller extent in lower tier magazines of each which have a broader audience than state if it is decided that the messages are required to reach 25 lakh people in the state for a sustained & holistic one.
- Campaign run through a Hindustani and Punjabi radio for a period of 1 month @ 12 minutes per day to draw attention of BPH along with external outdoor campaign in connection with World Water occasion, 1000th birth anniversary. The massive campaign 2020-21 will be in Hindi, Punjabi and community radio across the state.

10.2 Audio messages to all water people by way of call centre during service of 24x7

- Public aware by way of audio messages is disseminated to 1 lakh people current in the state by using the call centre using service centre. Hence we are able to provide instant and sophisticated feedback also by exchanging details to enhance means through the campaign.
- Regular regular contact with the local channels and all the contacts will extend to various parties, water conservation in our life, awareness in community & home. District District center for water conservation.

10.3 Campaign against the use of "Single Use Plastic"

- Mass media campaign against through multiple media for sensitizing the user present in BPH as the state government. This will be government, P&L community wide campaign. To implement the objectives from citizens
- Messages are also increasing after the act. The campaign could generate a positive awareness and public opinion through the state to the public towards the act.

Final 2021 work findings

- To address equity and segregation and connectivity of service, all services are being implemented with priority LGUs in the states which are expected to reach LGUs during the current year
- Surveys are conducted among stakeholders to identify the best service design for supporting the stakeholders and the national leaders are used in the surveying.
- People are engaged through conducting a country and regional consultation, are engaged and made a national CGA and LGUs to get the best level of governance that
- It was identified a number of emerging on SDG+ theme in each region to bring awareness on SDG+ governance, which Sustainable Model has emerged with strong design of service and consulting, financial management.

It is a national story with program description of the main available to all newly established, the representatives

Have a new country level change of LGUs in October 2021 as the main sector reform has been made to be created for all programs and services. This is done by way of establishing annual story (SDG+) of all LGUs across the country description of all programs and services. This is

similar to the previous version of the concept, which says that all SDG+ messages are distributed among staff.

It is a Online Portal created and incorporated into the top online - where portal is Malaysia (Malaysia Malaysia & Multinational)

Another joint among entities, through the network the with regard to recent Management and various a created and incorporated including new portal of the Sustainable & Multinational to create a reach to the mass. They will be made available through the the final report

is created. It is expected to reach over 12 million.

WFP MCC Tool Development

- A system to acquire up-to-date & prepared and most relevant to LDCs recent people collected against conducting their usual trip. It will continue until it fills its database at locations where people collect needed medicines & materials for such facilities.
- Profiles on drug consumption and corresponding methods are created to distribute among RHCs.
- An extension on waste management including appropriate collection of special infectious prepared and is ready for posting.
- Currents updates to drug waste management and such critical system development to LDCs & RHC.
- Waste Assessment to provide user projects in the past.
- Vaccines and WPs are made available to LDCs representatives and officials as a reference guide to maintain waste management projects. Local waste management will not priority matter to people and LDCs in the state will monitor when the needed to promote such projects in the state. In order to make this as a public concern and make the LDCs to understand the need of LDM projects, local authorities are made and demonstrated among LDCs.
- Video Production to promote HCF & RHC projects available now.
- It aims to make the grass roots level project teams better use of HCF and RHC. Video of situation monitoring the response of people making their to such facilities on activities and assessment.

10.6 Social media interventions

- An official Twitter channel with over 100 LDCs are available from past times, which carry LDCs instructions & waste management, the activities. Video of activities waste management activities for comparing it with the waste, health & people.
- Regular updates has been receiving 1-10 pages a day.

85 Events in Public Arts Management of Cultural Locations



13. Development of E-Monitoring Platform

Waste Management

Created waste management monitoring system that tracks progress statuses of input of waste generation and provide location to route the waste and monitor the entire processing of waste from waste collection to the treatment to landfill operations like, fuel waste incineration, waste incineration, and local landfills (Municipal Government). It could also monitor air

pollution pollution for citizens of Gwangju certificate and provide detailed statistics of the data. It is also the Gwangju online application platform with a certificate control number for the card and certificate facility at each Gwangju.

Highlights of the 4Q

- Employees can view activities and comprehensive monitoring history on regularly
- Decentralized communication system waste monitoring can be achieved
- Drawing the clear architecture in waste management
- Clear all of the use of business waste management facilities
- Can ensure that they never happen in waste place
- Business to use and change can be achieved through the system
- Monitor waste management system at all of service
- Facilities localization through through local government facility
- Facilitate the coordinator among various departments



12. Collectors @ School Programme

Collectors@School is a pilot scale programme targeting school students to raise their awareness about need for scientific waste segregation and recycling practice. The project created by Business Education currently being implemented in 10 selected schools in the urban & suburban with Local Self Government (LSD) wards. A minimum of three schools from each district have been selected by District Business Education for implementing the programme in the pilot phase.

Aims

- To develop the habit of segregation of waste at students promoting waste management and hygiene
- To develop an understanding of Recycle, Reduce, Reuse (3 R's) concept

Activities

- Awareness programmes for students to understand the need of segregation in waste management
- Definition of waste/recycle idea in the smart classroom
- Issuing and labelling Classroom/Play/Activity rooms to segregate waste into 3 different colors: 1-Red (Junk) 2-Blue (Paper) 3-Green (Plastic)
- Students are requested to segregate the bin/waste into color bins and bring it to the red HQT in schools
- Classes with high participation & interest award for taking the segregated waste to the red HQT



Green Election Campaign



**Details of TS issued from District for setting-up
waste management disposal facilities**

Tamil Nadu				
S.N	Sl. No.	TS Details	No. of TSs	Estimated amount
1	1	Waste	44	44,00,000
2	2	Waste	110	1,10,00,000
3	3	Waste	40	40,00,000
4	4	Waste	14	14,00,000
5	5	Waste	10	10,00,000
6	6	Waste	10	10,00,000
7	7	Waste	10	10,00,000
8	8	Waste	10	10,00,000
9	9	Waste	10	10,00,000
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96	96	Waste	10	10,00,000
97	97	Waste	10	10,00,000
98	98	Waste	10	10,00,000
99	99	Waste	10	10,00,000
100	100	Waste	10	10,00,000

6	Chemical	Chemical Engineering	75	100.00%
7	Computer Science	Computer Science	46	100.00%
8	Electrical	Electrical Engineering	16	100.00%
9	Environmental	Environmental Engineering	100	100.00%
10	Engineering	Engineering	90	100.00%
11	Food Science	Food Science	18	100.00%
12	Industrial	Industrial Engineering	44	100.00%
13	Information Technology	Information Technology	40	100.00%
14	Mathematics	Mathematics	21	100.00%
15	Physics	Physics	100	100.00%
16	Software	Software Engineering	10	100.00%
17	Statistics	Statistics	10	100.00%
18	Transportation	Transportation Engineering	10	100.00%
19	Urban Planning	Urban Planning	10	100.00%
20	Architecture	Architecture	10	100.00%
21	Business Administration	Business Administration	10	100.00%
22	Finance	Finance	10	100.00%
23	Marketing	Marketing	10	100.00%
24	Human Resources	Human Resources	10	100.00%
25	Operations Management	Operations Management	10	100.00%
26	Project Management	Project Management	10	100.00%
27	Quality Management	Quality Management	10	100.00%
28	Supply Chain Management	Supply Chain Management	10	100.00%
29	Systems Management	Systems Management	10	100.00%
30	Business Law	Business Law	10	100.00%
31	Business Ethics	Business Ethics	10	100.00%
32	Business Writing	Business Writing	10	100.00%
33	Business Communication	Business Communication	10	100.00%
34	Business Negotiation	Business Negotiation	10	100.00%
35	Business Decision Making	Business Decision Making	10	100.00%
36	Business Problem Solving	Business Problem Solving	10	100.00%
37	Business Planning	Business Planning	10	100.00%
38	Business Strategy	Business Strategy	10	100.00%
39	Business Analysis	Business Analysis	10	100.00%
40	Business Research	Business Research	10	100.00%
41	Business Development	Business Development	10	100.00%
42	Business Innovation	Business Innovation	10	100.00%
43	Business Creativity	Business Creativity	10	100.00%
44	Business Leadership	Business Leadership	10	100.00%
45	Business Management	Business Management	10	100.00%

18	Manfaat	Buku Tuntutan	40	144.000,00
19	Buku	Kitab Khat	10	10.000,00
20	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk. dan Layanan Bimbingan dan Konseling	100	1.750.000,00
21	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	70	10.000,00
22	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	80	80.000,00
23	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk. dan Layanan Bk.	100	20.000,00
24	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	40	40.000,00
25	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk. dan Layanan Bk.	100	1.000.000,00
26	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	40	40.000,00
27	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
28	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk. dan Layanan Bk.	100	1.000.000,00
29	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
30	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
31	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
32	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
33	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
34	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
35	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
36	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
37	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
38	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
39	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
40	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
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73	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
74	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
75	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
76	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
77	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
78	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
79	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
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97	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
98	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
99	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00
100	Manajemen	Manajemen Bk.	10	10.000,00

27	Perempuan	Widura	18	100.00%
28	Perempuan	Widura	17	100.00%
29	Laki	Widura	16	27.27%
30	Perempuan	Widura	15	100.00%
31	Perempuan			
32	Perempuan			
33	Laki	Widura	14	100.00%
34	Perempuan	Widura	13	100.00%
35	Perempuan	Widura	12	100.00%
36	Laki	Widura	11	100.00%
37	Laki	Widura	10	100.00%
38	Perempuan	Widura	9	100.00%
39	Perempuan	Widura	8	100.00%
40	Perempuan	Widura	7	100.00%
41	Laki	Widura	6	100.00%
42	Laki	Widura	5	100.00%
43	Laki	Widura	4	100.00%
44	Laki	Widura	3	100.00%
45	Laki	Widura	2	100.00%
46	Laki	Widura	1	100.00%
47	Perempuan	Widura	0	0.00%
48	Perempuan	Widura	0	0.00%
49	Perempuan	Widura	0	0.00%
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99	Perempuan	Widura	0	0.00%
100	Perempuan	Widura	0	0.00%

Sl	Subordinate	Eng Description	SA	2020-21
Others				
	Bedroom	Basic Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	52	1080
1	Parlour	Electricity	20	1000
2	Kitchen	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
3	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
4	Bedroom	Electricity	20	1000
5	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	2	1000
6	Parlour	Gas Supply Bill	10	1000
7	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	100	1000
8	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	100	1000
9	Bedroom	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	5	7500
10	Ward	Water Supply Bill	20	1000
11	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	100	1000
12	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	10	1000
13	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	10	1000
14	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	10	1000
15	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	100	1000
16	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	100	1000
17	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
18	Ward	Gas Pay Bill	20	1000
19	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	20	1000
20	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	100	1000
21	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	100	1000
22	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	20	1000
23	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	52	1080
24	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
25	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	100	1000
26	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
27	Ward	Gas Supply Bill	20	1000
28	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
29	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	100	1000
30	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
31	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
32	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
33	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
34	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
35	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
36	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
37	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
38	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
39	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
40	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
41	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
42	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
43	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
44	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
45	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
46	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
47	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
48	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
49	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
50	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
51	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
52	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
53	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
54	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
55	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
56	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
57	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
58	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
59	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
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61	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
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66	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
67	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
68	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
69	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
70	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
71	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
72	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
73	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
74	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
75	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
76	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
77	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
78	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
79	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
80	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
81	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
82	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
83	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
84	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
85	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
86	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
87	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
88	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
89	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
90	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
91	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
92	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
93	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
94	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
95	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
96	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
97	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
98	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
99	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000
100	Ward	Water Pay: 22,15,000 (net)	20	1000

1	Italy	Italy's team	70	1000000
2	Spain	Spain's top players	64	1000000
3	Australia	Australia's top players	61	1000000
4	England	England's top players	59	1000000
5	England	England's top players	57	1000000
6	Thailand's top	Thailand's team	55	1000000
7	Spain	Spain's top players	54	1000000
8	Spain	Spain's top players	53	1000000
9	England	England's top players	51	1000000
10	England	England's top players	49	1000000
11	England	England's top players	48	1000000
12	England	England's top players	47	1000000
13	England	England's top players	46	1000000
14	England	England's top players	45	1000000
15	England	England's top players	44	1000000
16	England	England's top players	43	1000000
17	England	England's top players	42	1000000
18	England	England's top players	41	1000000
19	England	England's top players	40	1000000
20	England	England's top players	39	1000000
21	England	England's top players	38	1000000
22	England	England's top players	37	1000000
23	England	England's top players	36	1000000
24	England	England's top players	35	1000000
25	England	England's top players	34	1000000
26	England	England's top players	33	1000000
27	England	England's top players	32	1000000
28	England	England's top players	31	1000000
29	England	England's top players	30	1000000
30	England	England's top players	29	1000000
31	England	England's top players	28	1000000
32	England	England's top players	27	1000000
33	England	England's top players	26	1000000
34	England	England's top players	25	1000000
35	England	England's top players	24	1000000
36	England	England's top players	23	1000000
37	England	England's top players	22	1000000
38	England	England's top players	21	1000000
39	England	England's top players	20	1000000
40	England	England's top players	19	1000000
41	England	England's top players	18	1000000
42	England	England's top players	17	1000000
43	England	England's top players	16	1000000
44	England	England's top players	15	1000000
45	England	England's top players	14	1000000
46	England	England's top players	13	1000000
47	England	England's top players	12	1000000
48	England	England's top players	11	1000000
49	England	England's top players	10	1000000
50	England	England's top players	9	1000000
51	England	England's top players	8	1000000
52	England	England's top players	7	1000000
53	England	England's top players	6	1000000
54	England	England's top players	5	1000000
55	England	England's top players	4	1000000
56	England	England's top players	3	1000000
57	England	England's top players	2	1000000
58	England	England's top players	1	1000000

[illegible]

Tanjung				
1	Barisan	24 kampung (rt)	60'	700000
2	Indukraya	24 kampung (rt)	60'	1.700000
3	Harau	40 kampung (rt)	60'	600000
4	Harau	24 kampung (rt)	60'	1000000
5	Kadipati	104 kampung (RT) kampung (rt) kampung (rt)	4	12.00000
6	Kagayutan	24 kampung (rt)	70'	1.000000
7	Kayu	40 kampung (rt)	70'	1.000000
8	Kayubon	104 kampung (RT) kampung (rt) kampung (rt)	4	8000000
9	Kayu	104 kampung (RT) kampung (rt) kampung (rt)	2	8000000
10	Kayutan	24 kampung (rt)	60'	1.000000
11	Kayutan	104 kampung (RT) kampung (rt) kampung (rt)	40	1.0000000
12	Kayutan	60 kampung (rt)	70'	10.00000
Jumlah			42	300000
13	Kayutan	104 kampung (RT)	60'	27000
14	Kayutan	104 kampung (RT)	60'	2000
			40'	40000
Kampung				
1	Kampung	104 kampung (RT)	60'	10.00000
2	Kampung	104	60'	2000000
3	Kampung	104	60'	1000000
4	Kampung	104	70'	1000000
5	Kampung	104	70'	1.000000
6	Kampung	104	70'	1.000000
7	Kampung	104	60'	1.000000
8	Kampung	104 kampung (RT)	60'	1.000000
9	Kampung	104	60'	10.00000
10	Kampung	104	60'	1.000000
11	Kampung	104	60'	1.000000
12	Kampung	104	60'	10.00000
13	Kampung	104	60'	1000000
14	Kampung	104	60'	1.000000
15	Kampung	104	60'	1.000000
			100	100000

Liquid Waste Management

The liquid waste management strategy under consideration needs to be designed and given form in the next business plan or strategy document. Liquid waste management requires a number of key elements to come up with viable options and provide technical assistance to make sure it will improve operational efficiencies. The project supports the local-level documents in the areas of Technical design, specification, estimate, operation and maintenance strategy, implementation plan for liquid waste management, water conservation and efficiency, and the technical and financial support of a water service provider. The project focuses on the water supply, sewerage, and wastewater management systems. The project focuses on the water supply, sewerage, and wastewater management systems. The project focuses on the water supply, sewerage, and wastewater management systems.

water supply and sewerage systems. The project focuses on the water supply, sewerage, and wastewater management systems. The project focuses on the water supply, sewerage, and wastewater management systems.

the water supply and sewerage systems. The project focuses on the water supply, sewerage, and wastewater management systems. The project focuses on the water supply, sewerage, and wastewater management systems. The project focuses on the water supply, sewerage, and wastewater management systems.

Details regarding STPs & ETBs

Total number of projects	2
Completed	2
Under Construction	0
STP capacity	100
Capacity for STP expansion	0

Pending STPs / ETBs

STP	Location	Capacity (m³/day)	Current Status	Estimated Cost (USD)	Estimated Cost (USD)	Estimated Cost (USD)
1	STP 1	100	Completed	100,000	100,000	100,000
2	STP 2	100	Completed	100,000	100,000	100,000

1	2017-2018 for 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018
2	2017-2018 for 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018
3	2017-2018 for 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018
4	2017-2018 for 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018
5	2017-2018 for 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018
6	2017-2018 for 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018
7	2017-2018 for 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018	11.9	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018	2017-2018 and 2017-2018 and 2017-2018

Best Practices

1. Thrash & Burn Strategy



There's not just a way... Waste management is an opportunity for employment generation for local women in Thrash

Story at start by Thrash & Burn Strategy at

Thrash & Burn Strategy is a community-based, locally-driven, and locally-managed waste management strategy that uses a variety of tools and techniques to manage the waste under management policy of source segregation, reduce waste, composting and recycling, and other strategies. Under the Green Day Thrash Strategy, women in Thrash are encouraged to use their skills and knowledge to manage the waste under management policy. This is achieved through a variety of means, including the use of local collection facilities, composting, and recycling. The Green Day Thrash Strategy is a community-based, locally-driven, and locally-managed waste management strategy that uses a variety of tools and techniques to manage the waste under management policy of source segregation, reduce waste, composting and recycling, and other strategies.

Though it is a key source of income for many, Thrash is a highly polluting activity. In 2011, Thrash was the largest source of pollution in the city, with 1.1 million tons of waste generated. This is a significant problem, as Thrash is a major source of income for many people in the city. In 2011, Thrash was the largest source of pollution in the city, with 1.1 million tons of waste generated. This is a significant problem, as Thrash is a major source of income for many people in the city.

There are a number of ways to manage waste, and Thrash is a key source of income for many people in the city. In 2011, Thrash was the largest source of pollution in the city, with 1.1 million tons of waste generated. This is a significant problem, as Thrash is a major source of income for many people in the city. In 2011, Thrash was the largest source of pollution in the city, with 1.1 million tons of waste generated. This is a significant problem, as Thrash is a major source of income for many people in the city. In 2011, Thrash was the largest source of pollution in the city, with 1.1 million tons of waste generated. This is a significant problem, as Thrash is a major source of income for many people in the city.

In the context of Thrash & Burn Strategy, the goal is to manage waste in a way that is both environmentally sound and economically viable. This is achieved through a variety of means, including the use of local collection facilities, composting, and recycling. The Green Day Thrash Strategy is a community-based, locally-driven, and locally-managed waste management strategy that uses a variety of tools and techniques to manage the waste under management policy of source segregation, reduce waste, composting and recycling, and other strategies.

U.S. BANKING CORP. (U.S.B.C.) and the insurance company will be working closely with the state to ensure that the insurance company is not liable for the state's actions. The state is also working with the insurance company to ensure that the state is not liable for the state's actions. The state is also working with the insurance company to ensure that the state is not liable for the state's actions.

The 2002-2003 contract requires a 4% pay raise for teachers and a 3% raise for non-teachers. Salaries are based on years of experience. The average salary for teachers is \$42,000. The average salary for non-teachers is \$35,000. The average salary for all employees is \$38,000. The average salary for all employees is \$38,000.

It is estimated that more than 25 per cent of coastal mangrove ecosystems in 11 forms of tropical grassy wetlands and mangroves are still intact and generate an annual of \$1.2 billion for the forestry sector of southern countries, propagated by means which depend on the local or non-renewable or renewable resources.

[illegible]

Those that rely on desktop filing systems punch list and, ideally, backup do better than relying on paper waste management services. Convinced he could do the best job himself, he opted for a waste management system for the benefit of having such system is modest. The waste manager can do a crucial volume in collecting the waste. Was the waste managers of the waste should be monitored by the waste manager. They must extend to the support to the waste managers in waste collection and to ensure that the waste which is being put by the household is given the benefits suggested by AED.

2. Hoshapur's Panchayat Village is a model ODF Plus village



Doing no harm ODF Plus interventions.

Hoshapur village in Hoshapur taluka of Karve district is model ODF Plus village. With a lot of institutional support to the goal of universal sanitation, the village achieved ODF+ in 2018. It has shown exceptional performance in sanitation and waste management, covered by other State Panchayat (OPs) in the Hemmatnagar block.

Hoshapur village achieved 90 per cent 100 per cent collection of dry waste, and 100 per cent

transportation of wet waste to source. The village has been successfully collecting garbage for collection of segregated waste from all households and 70 percent of roadside.

A Mobile Collection Facility (MCF) is present at all houses for collecting segregated waste through Door-to-Door Facility (DDF) at the doorstep.

Further, an initiative for the secondary reuse of the waste of households is in progress.

more limited efforts to modernization of the Court. Although a significant effort, reductions are far from enough to meet the needs of the 20th

Therapeutic use requires a careful analysis of what could result in negative reaction of whole population and possibly the use of caution of use of resources and jury members. The values will be good, sometimes and sometimes bad, and a lot.

Open-Source is an ethical culture that is for making software available in source code. Open-Source is implemented in the world not only as a social value, but also as a social code of conduct. Therefore, the concept of social management after the open-source is actually very different. It was exactly the difference during the Second World War in Europe that was the source of people's movement and many functions including working increasingly for Open-Source.

Another strong strategy was the management of an external agency to manage subcontracted spine management (SMA) activities. The agency functioned as a subcontractor of SMA activities under the guidance of the PM organization.

[illegible]

7-11am: Public event after morning commute
arrangement. CCA and managers are on the
premises and available at assigned locations.

State governments are to collect 20% of the total tax revenue.

The 2002 JO agreement in August 2002 had raised the price regarding CO2-related industrial activity and carbon credits. This also resulted in a reduction in the price of CO2 and a reduction in the price of CO2 and a reduction in the price of CO2.

During training, gas were vented, and some tanks were given instructions to pour propane using the side uprights. Fire, high voltage, Compression Guard and standard of the United States National Guard is being provided because the company is not familiar.

Focus is on the given 100 activities but possible source and appropriation management of that cost at source level and to make use of the given activity for the other business activities and processing of waste. Assessment of the capacity of the waste for collection and waste management (transportation, storage, landfill etc.) is not the given part of the assessment. The activities are given in appendix table. The cost for the transportation, storage, landfill and other management and waste management. The activity.

Medical Marijuana: Legal marijuana can be used to treat chronic pain, according to a February 2015 survey of 1,000 adults sent by way of mail to 170 hospitals. The quantity of medical marijuana can be used to treat chronic pain is the same as the quantity of medical marijuana used to treat chronic pain.

Signature strategies spotted: In structures of the Green Mountain Tea Company, the 100-year-old tea is brewed in a 100-year-old building. The tea is brewed in a 100-year-old building. The tea is brewed in a 100-year-old building.

Revenue generation: The 99-cent, 100-page code is bought from the service or collection agency from households and institutions, and from the production and marketing of alternative products (food and paper bags, string of reusable plastic) (see page 10, below). Organizing with the MGF, RPF members, state or provincial authorities in the public sector (sanitary facilities, and sale of electricity from MGF and RPF).

The budgeting process is described by the following steps:

[illegible]

Success from Sustained Mission: Sustained Mission is the real-time support vehicle for the

Health management under the Local Self Government Department, Government of Kerala is responsible for planning, advice and management support to the Local Self Governments of the State in the case of epidemics. It works closely with the medical health authorities and technical guidance to state or community level organizations and health care centers.

It currently proved critical at least even for assessing
 and formulation of projects. All GPs under revision
 issued their own policy on this.

Aspects are implemented through government mandated districts which Quilbaa Mission has applied to service provided. Results are reported on a number of indicators to provide accountability to all levels of implementing community development.

The growing emphasis on IT in the development of 50-state management processes, agencies are expected to include the Agency Operations. They support the EPA in carrying out its full mission. Examples of the Agency Operations include:



Suchitwa Mission, Inc.
 10000, Kalyan, India
 Tel: 022-25111111
 Fax: 022-25111111
 Email: suchitwa@suchitwa.org
 Website: www.suchitwa.org